



Press Release | FY 2020 Financial Results

Regulated Information Thursday 25 February 2021 at 7:00h CET

Strong profitability and deleveraging

New sustainable product ranges ready to support EU Green Deal

Net Result Dividend Sales Adj. EBITDA Net Debt €642.2 €86.0m €55.5m €25.6m €5cts/share (+1.3%)(€60.6m LY) (€140.2m LY) (€-14.7m LY)

Executive Summary

The Group resumed its profitable growth track with Adjusted EBITDA and Net Result reaching their highest levels of the last decade.

Sales increased by 1.3% to €642.2m as the negative impact from Covid-19 has been compensated by customer wins, market recovery in Turkey and structural market growth on the back of a growing population and higher renovation activity required to meet increasing comfort standards and climate targets.

Adj. EBITDA amounts to €86.0m (vs €82-86m indicated in our 15 Jan 2021 press release) or 13.4% on sales, which is significantly better than in 2019 (€60.6m) and back on track with the profitable growth path realized over the last 5 years. This improvement is mainly driven by higher volumes, improved operational efficiency gradually reflecting the payback on investments done in previous years and the strategic repositioning in Europe which gradually starts to contribute. The negative impact from Covid-19 has been largely mitigated through the immediate implementation of various cost reduction initiatives and temporary lower raw material prices in certain markets.

Net financial debt decreased substantially to €55.5m (vs €140.2m in 2019 and vs €55-60m indicated in our 15 Jan 2021 press release) resulting in a leverage of 0.6x (2.3x end 2019). Much of this improvement is considered permanent and is driven by better performance, lower strategic capex, further optimization of working capital, the sale of unused assets and the sale of 7.41% of Ege Profil in Turkey. An estimated €15-20m of this reduction, reflecting exceptionally low working capital levels and timing differences, is considered temporary and will probably reverse in 2021.

Despite the pandemic, the Group's strategic projects remain on track and will increasingly support our performance. These include further investments in recycling and in the sustainability of both our products and our production processes, the commercial launch of the innovative Elegant platform, capacity expansions in the US, footprint optimization in Europe and the further rollout of SAP.

Our innovative product ranges are the perfect solution to improve the energy efficiency in buildings, which currently account for 40% of energy consumption and 36% of greenhouse gas emissions. Therefore, we truly welcome the EU Green Deal which will accelerate renovation in Europe which is required to reach carbon neutrality by 2050. According to market studies this might cause the European building sector, which has been a mature sector for years, to grow again.

The Board of Directors will propose to the General Assembly to pay out a **dividend** of €0.05 per share (vs €0.03 per share from 2017 to 2019 while no dividend has been distributed in 2020 as a consequence of Covid-19).







Quote of the CEO, Francis Van Eeckhout

"The year 2020 will undoubtedly be remembered by all of us for the Covid-19 pandemic. The human tragedy has been significant, and my deepest sympathies go to everyone who suffered personal loss. At the same time, I am impressed by the drive, commitment and flexibility of our customers, partners and colleagues around the world. It is thanks to all of them that our company is weathering this storm so well.

I am therefore pleased that in 2020 we could resume our profitable growth path, with EBITDA and earnings reaching their highest level in a decade.

Looking forward, we see the growing awareness for climate change and we warmly welcome the increasing number of initiatives taken by governments worldwide to reduce CO2-emissions and make buildings more energy efficient (e.g. EU Green Deal). At Deceuninck, we truly believe that our products, thanks to their superior insulation value and efficient recycling possibilities, are part of the solution to address the challenges of climate change.

Finally, I would like to thank Wim Van Acker, who will be leaving our company at the end of this month, for his drive and professionalism throughout the five years he has worked at Deceuninck. His role in steering Deceuninck through the pandemic and in the strategic repositioning of the Group cannot be underestimated. I wish him all the best."

Figure 1: Summary of consolidated Income Statement

(in € million)	H2 2019	H2 2020	%yoy	FY 2019	FY 2020	%yoy
Sales	321,3	352,9	9,9%	633,8	642,2	1,3%
Gross profit	89,1	114,7	28,7%	181,9	203,5	11,9%
Gross-margin (%)	27,7%	32,5%	+4,8pp	28,7%	31,7%	+3,0pp
EBITDA	22,3	59,1	165,3%	51,6	85,5	65,5%
Adj. EBITDA	30,5	58,2	91,1%	60,6	86,0	41,9%
Adj. EBITDA-margin (%)	9,5%	16,5%	+7,0pp	9,6%	13,4%	+3,8pp
EBIT	1,9	39,9	2013,1%	11,2	45,9	310,3%
Financial result	(11,5)	(5,9)	(48,1%)	(22,5)	(15,3)	(32,1%)
EBT	(9,5)	34,0	(457,3%)	(11,3)	30,5	(370,4%)
Income taxes	(4,0)	(5,0)	23,6%	(3,5)	(4,9)	42,5%
Net profit / (loss)	(13,5)	29,0	(314,7%)	(14,7)	25,6	(273,5%)

Figure 2: Summary of consolidated Balance Sheet

(in € million)	FY 2019	FY 2020	%yoy
Total assets	589,7	599,4	1,6%
Equity	233,1	246,3	5,7%
Net debt	140,2	55,5	(60,4%)
Capital expenditure	35,5	23,5	(33,8%)
Working capital	94,5	74,2	(21,4%)

Figure 3: Sales evolution by region

(in € million)	FY 2019	Δ Q1	∆ Q2	∆ Q3	∆ Q4	FY 2020	Δ FY
Europe*	338,1	-3,7%	-24,6%	3,7%	3,0%	317,3	-6,2%
Turkey & EM*	160,3	5,4%	-22,6%	8,2%	19,4%	165,3	3,1%
North America	135,4	32,8%	1,2%	16,7%	24,4%	159,6	17,9%
Total	633,8	5,7%	-18,6%	7,8%	12,1%	642,2	1,3%

^{*} From 01.01.2020, Romania is reported as part of Europe instead of part of the Emerging Markets. In order to have comparable data in the table above, the 2019 sales in Romania have been reallocated from Turkey & EM to Europe. The impact on the other KPI's is considered as insignificant.

Management comments

Sales

Consolidated sales increased by 1.3% to €642.2m, compared to €633.8m in FY 2019.

Sales in Turkey & Emerging Markets increased by 3.1% to €165.3m (FY 2019: €160.3m) as the gradual recovery of the Turkish domestic market and the expansion in Emerging Markets have been offset by the impact of Covid-19. Especially India and Chile have been negatively affected by long lasting lockdowns. The devaluation of the Turkish Lira has been largely compensated by price increases.

In North America sales increased by 17.9% to €159.6m (FY 2019 €135.4m) thanks to market growth and new strategic customer wins. Although demand was much more erratic and unpredictable, the overall impact of Covid-19 on total 2020 volumes remained limited.

Sales in Europe decreased by 6.2% to €317.3m (FY 2019: €338.1m), which is mainly explained by the reduction in volumes due to lockdown countermeasures taken by governments across Europe to mitigate the spreading of Covid-19. The rollout of the new Elegant platform started and is on track.

Income statement

Adj. EBITDA amounts to €86.0m or 13.4% on sales, which is significantly better than in 2019 (€60.6m) and back on track with the profitable growth path realized over the last 5 years. This improvement is mainly driven by higher volumes, improved efficiency gradually reflecting the payback on investments made in previous years and the strategic repositioning in Europe which gradually starts to contribute. The negative impact from Covid-19 has been largely mitigated through the immediate implementation of various cost reduction initiatives and temporary lower raw material prices in certain markets.

Depreciations remained broadly stable at €39.6m (FY 2019: €40.5m).

Adjusted EBITDA items (difference between EBITDA and Adj. EBITDA) amount to €-0.5m (2019: €-9.0m) and mainly include restructuring and integration costs which have been largely offset by gains on the sale of unused assets.

The Financial result improved to €-15.3m (2019: €-22.5m) thanks to lower TRY interest rates and further deleveraging, mainly during the second part of the year.

Income tax expenses increased to €4.9m (2019: €3.5m) reflecting improved profitability in 2020 while the tax expenses in 2019 mainly consisted of one-off tax charges.

As a consequence of the above the **Net Result** increased to €25.6m (FY 2019: loss of €14.7m).

Cash Flow and Balance sheet

2020 Cash flow was strong and as a result net financial debt decreased significantly to €55.5m (vs €140.2m in 2019) resulting in a leverage of 0.6x (2.3x end 2019). Much of this improvement is considered permanent and is driven by better performance, lower strategic capex, further optimization of working capital, the sale of unused assets and the sale of 7.41% of Ege Profil in Turkey. An estimated €15-20m of this reduction, reflecting exceptionally low working capital levels and timing differences, is considered temporary and will probably reverse in 2021.

Strategic projects

Despite the pandemic, the Group's strategic projects remain on track and will gradually contribute to our performance. These include further investments in the sustainability of our products and our production processes, the commercial launch of the innovative Elegant platform, capacity expansions in the US, footprint optimization in Europe and the further rollout of SAP.

As part of our commitment to be a leading circular player in our industry additional investments are planned in 2021 to accelerate the ramping up of our recycling facility in Diksmuide, where in 2020 we already recycled 22,000 tonnes PVC bruto, which is the equivalent of 1,1m old windows and over 20% of our European PVC consumption.

Outlook

Despite the mid-term uncertainty resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic, our long-term growth drivers remain intact. Our products perfectly meet the housing needs of a growing world population while maintaining a healthy balance with social, economic and environmental considerations.

Our innovative product ranges are the perfect solution to improve the energy efficiency in buildings, which currently account for 40% of energy consumption and 36% of greenhouse gas emissions. Therefore, we welcome the EU Green Deal which will accelerate renovation in Europe which is required to reach carbon neutrality by 2050. According to market studies this might cause the European building sector, which has been a mature sector for years, to grow again.

The strong performance in 2020 has continued in the first weeks of 2021 with high growth in all regions.



Annex 1: Consolidated Income Statement

(in € million)	H2 2019	H2 2020	FY 2019	FY 2020
Sales	321,3	352,9	633,8	642,2
Cost of goods sold	(232,2)	(238,3)	(451,9)	(438,6)
Gross profit	89,1	114,7	181,9	203,5
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses	(53,9)	(52,1)	(110,1)	(110,2)
Research and development expenses	(3,6)	(3,6)	(7,5)	(6,9)
Administrative and general expenses	(22,0)	(21,6)	(45,5)	(42,1)
Other net operating result	(6,7)	3,1	(6,5)	4,5
Share of result of a joint venture	(1,0)	(0,5)	(1,1)	(3,0)
Operating profit (EBIT)	1,9	39,9	11,2	45,9
Costs related to the derecognition of accounts receivable	(3,1)	(2,0)	(6,1)	(3,9)
Interest income / (expense)	(4,4)	(2,2)	(7,4)	(5,9)
Foreign exchange gains / (losses)	(3,4)	(0,8)	(7,9)	(4,5)
Other financial income / (expense)	(0,5)	(1,0)	(1,1)	(1,1)
Profit / (loss) before taxes (EBT)	(9,5)	34,0	(11,3)	30,5
Income taxes	(4,0)	(5,0)	(3,5)	(4,9)
Net profit / (loss)	(13,5)	29,0	(14,7)	25,6
Adj. EBITDA	30,5	58,2	60,6	86,0

The net profit / (loss) is attributable to: (in € million)	H2 2019	H2 2020	FY 2019	FY 2020
Shareholders of the parent company	(13,6)	27,8	(15,0)	24,2
Non-controlling interests	0,1	1,2	0,2	1,3

Earnings per share distributable to the shareholders of the parent company (in €):	FY 2019	FY 2020
Basic earnings per share	(0,11)	0,18
Diluted earnings per share	(0,11)	0,17

Annex 2: Consolidated statement of financial position

(in € million)	FY 2019	FY 202
Assets		
Intangible fixed assets	3,7	2,
Goodw ill	10,6	10,0
Tangible fixed assets	299,2	254,
Financial fixed assets	0,0	0,0
Investment in a joint venture	2,9	0,0
Deferred tax assets	4,5	5,2
Long-term receivables	0,9	0,8
Non-current assets	321,8	273, ⁻
Inventories	109,1	112,
Trade receivables	78,1	69,
Other receivables*	26,4	37,2
Cash and cash equivalents	52,8	105,0
Fixed assets held for sale	1,6	1,2
Current assets	267,9	326,
Total assets	589,7	599,
Equity and liabilities		
Issued capital	53,9	54.
Share premiums	88,3	88,
Retained earnings	200,4	228,
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations	(7,6)	(7,4
Treasury shares	(0,1)	(0,1
Treasury shares held in subsidiaries	(0,5)	0,0
Currency translation adjustments	(103,8)	(123,8
Equity excluding non-controlling interest	230,7	239,
Non-controlling interest	2,4	6,9
Equity including non-controlling interest	233.1	246,
Interest-bearing loans including lease liabilities	140,5	137,
Other long term liabilities	0,1	0,
Employee benefit obligations	22,6	22,
Long-term provisions	4,7	3,
Deferred tax liabilities	0,7	1,8
Non-current liabilities	168,6	165,
Interest-bearing loans including lease liabilities	52,4	24,
Trade payables	92,7	108,
Tax liabilities	3,7	8,
Employee related liabilities	12,0	14,4
Employee benefit obligations	1,3	1,2
Short-term provisions	7,0	3,2
Other liabilities*	19,1	28, ⁻
Current liabilities	188,0	20, 187 ,
Total equity and liabilities	589,7	599,
Total oquity and habilities	303,1	333,
Total net debt	140,2	55,

 $^{^{\}star}$ Restated for 2019 to reflect the gross presentation of the advance checks received for a total amount of 14.355.735 EUR, adjusting 'Other receivables' and 'Other payables'.

Annex 3: Consolidated statement of Cash Flows

(in € million)	FY 2019	FY 2020
Profit (+) / loss (-)	(14,7)	25,6
Depreciations & Impairment	40,5	39,6
Net financial charges	22,5	15,3
Income taxes	3,4	4,9
Inventory write-off (+ = cost / - = inc)	(0,7)	2,9
Trade AR w rite-off (+ = cost / - = inc)	(0,5)	4,4
Movements in provisions (+ = cost / - = inc)	6,3	(4,0
Gain / Loss on disposal of (in)tang. FA (+ = cost / - = inc)	(0,1)	(2,8
Fair value adjustments of investment in a joint venture (equity method)	1,4	3,0
GROSS OPERATING CASH FLOW	58,1	88,8
Decr / (incr) in inventories	8,9	(17,1
Decr / (incr) in trade AR	10,7	(6,2
Incr / (decr) in trade AP	(16,1)	27,2
Decr / (incr) in other operating assets/liabilities	(0,7)	4,6
Income taxes paid (-) / received (+)	(2,7)	(2,7
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	58,1	94,5
Purchases of (in)tangible FA (-)	(35,5)	(23,5
Investment in financial FA (-)	(2,5)	(0,0
Proceeds from sale of (in)tangible FA (+)	0,5	15,7
Proceeds from sale of financial FA (+)	0,1	15,4
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES	(37,4)	7,5
(Acquisition) / sale of treasury shares (in subsidiaries)	0,4	0,0
Dividends paid (-)	(4,3)	(0,1
Interest received (+)*	4,5	2,6
Interest paid (-)	(12,8)	(8,2
Net financial result, excl interest	(21,9)	(4,7
New long-term debts	9,2	13,1
Repayment of long-term debts	(13,4)	(14,4
New short-term debts	21,2	15,3
Repayment of short-term debts	(12,7)	(39,8
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(29,8)	(36,2
Not in cooperation and south and included	(0.0)	CE (
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(9,0)	65,9
Cash and cash equivalents as per beginning of period	65,8	52,8
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(9,0)	65,9
Impact of exchange rate fluctuations	(4,0)	(13,0
Transfers	0,0	(0,1
Cash and cash equivalents as per end of period	52,8	105,6

^{* 2019} cash flow has been restated to reflect the amended classification of Interest received as Cash Flow from Financing Activities instead of Cash Flow from Operating Activities from 01.01.2020.

Financial calendar

25 February 2021 FY 2020 results

26 February 2021 Virtual Roadshow KBC Securities Virtual Roadshow Degroof Petercam 1 March 2021

27 April 2021 General Assembly 17 August 2021 Half year results 2021

Glossary

		EBITDA is defined as operating profit / (loss) adjusted for depre	eciations/am	ortizationsand	
		impairment of fixed assets.			
1	EBITDA		2019	2020	
	LBITBA	Operating profit	11,185	45,887	
		Depreciations & impairments	(40,460)	(39,604)	
		EBITDA	51,645	85,491	
		Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating profit / (loss) adjusted amortizations and impairment of fixed assets, (ii) integration & a	restructuring of	expenses, (iii)	
		gains & losses on disposal of consolidated entities, (iv) gains &	losses on ass	set disposals, (v)	
		impairment of goodwill and impairment of assets resulting from	goodwill allo	cation.	
			2019	2020	
2	Adjusted EBITDA	EBITDA	51,645	85,491	
_		Integration & restructuring expenses	8,997	1,825	
		Result realized on disposal of a sales entity	(-)	866	
		Gains on asset disposal	(-)	(3,427)	
		Impairment of intangible fixed assets arising from	(-)	1,289	
		goodwillallocation			
		Adjusted EBITDA	60,642	86,045	
		EBIT is defined as Earnings before interests and taxes (operati	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			2019	2020	
3	EBIT	EBITDA	51,645	85,491	
		Depreciations & impairments	(40,460)	(39,604)	
		EBIT	11,185	45,887	
 1	EDT	ERT is defined as Famings hefers toyed			
1	EBT	EBT is defined as Earnings before taxes.			
5	EPS (non-diluted)	EPS (non-diluted) are the non-diluted earnings per share and is defined as Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders over the weighted average number of ordinary shares.			
		and the second of the second o			
		EPS (diluted) are the diluted earnings per share and is defined	asEarnings	attributable to	
_	EDC (4:14c -1)	ordinary shareholders over the sum of weighted average numb	er of ordinary	shares and the	
6	EPS (diluted)	weighted average number of ordinary shares which would be is			
		ordinary shares of all potential shares leading to dilution.			
		Net debt is defined as the sum of interest-bearing borrowings c	urrent and no	n-current minus	
		cash and cash equivalents.			
		Saa. aa saar squiraisika	2019	2020	
7	Net debt	Interest-bearing loans – non-current		137.022	
		Interest-bearing loans - current	52,405	24,069	
		Cash and cash equivalents	(52,799)		
		Net debt	140,152	55,468	
		1101 0001			
		Working capital is calculated as the sum of trade receivables a	nd inventories	sminustrade	
		payables.			
		F = 7 = = = = =	2019	2020	
3	Working capital	Trade receivables	78,097	69,301	
	29	Inventory	109,073		
		Trade payables	(92,656)		
		L LIAGE DAVADIES			
		Working capital	94,514	74,245	
		Working capital	94,514	74,245	
 Q	Canital employed (CE)		94,514 sets and work	74,245 ng capital.	
9	Capital employed (CE)	Working capital	94,514	74,245	

		Non-current assets	321,809 273,139			
		Capital employed (CE)	416,323 347,384			
10	Subsidiaries	Companies in which the Group ownsa participation in which the Group has control.	excess of 50% or companies over			
11	МТМ	Mark-to-Market.				
12	Headcount (FTE)	Total Full Time Equivalents including temporary and external staff.				
13	Restricted Group	The Restricted Group consists of all entities of the Group excluding Turkish subsidiaries and their subsidiaries.				
		Leverage is defined as the ratio of Net debt to Adjusted	I EBITDA.			
			2019 2020			
14	Leverage	Net debt	140,152 55,468			
		Adjusted EBITDA	60,642 86,045			
		Leverage	2.3 0.6			

End of press release

About Deceuninck

Founded in 1937, Deceuninck is a top 3 independent manufacturer of PVC and composite profiles for windows and doors Headquartered in Hooglede-Gits (BE), Deceuninck is organized in 3 geographical segments: Europe, North America and Turkey & Emerging Markets. Deceuninck operates 18 vertically integrated manufacturing facilities, which together with 16 sales and distribution entities guarantee the necessary service and response time to Customers. Deceuninck strongly focuses on innovation, ecology and design. Deceuninckis listed on Euronext Brussels ("DECB").

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